



Agenda at www.eriesd.org/board (select Public Access)

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| Book | Policy Manual |
| Section | 100 Programs |
| Title | Discrimination/Title IX Sexual Harassment Affecting Students |
| Code | 103 |
| Status | Active |
| Adopted | September 9, 2020 |

Authority

The Board declares it to be the policy of this district to provide an equal opportunity for all students to achieve their maximum potential through the programs and activities offered in the schools without discrimination on the basis of race, color, age, creed, religion, sex, sexual orientation, ancestry, national origin, marital status, pregnancy or handicap/disability. [\[1\]](#)[\[2\]](#)[\[3\]](#)[\[4\]](#)[\[5\]](#)[\[6\]](#)[\[7\]](#)[\[8\]](#)[\[9\]](#)[\[11\]](#)[\[12\]](#)[\[13\]](#)[\[14\]](#)[\[15\]](#)[\[16\]](#)[\[18\]](#)[\[19\]](#)[\[20\]](#)[\[21\]](#)[\[10\]](#)

The Board also declares it to be the policy of this district to comply with federal law and regulations under Title IX prohibiting sexual harassment, which is a form of unlawful discrimination on the basis of sex. Such discrimination shall be referred to throughout this policy as Title IX sexual harassment. Inquiries regarding the application of Title IX to the district may be referred to the Title IX Coordinator, to the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education, or both.

The district is committed to the maintenance of a safe, positive learning environment for all students that is free from discrimination by providing all students course offerings, counseling, assistance, services, employment, athletics and extracurricular activities without any form of discrimination, including Title IX sexual harassment. Discrimination is inconsistent with the rights of students and the educational and programmatic goals of the district and is prohibited at or, in the course of, district-sponsored programs or activities, including transportation to or from school or school-sponsored activities.

Violations of this policy, including acts of retaliation as described in this policy, or knowingly providing false information, may result in disciplinary consequences under applicable Board policy and procedures. This policy prohibits individuals from knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the Title IX grievance process outlined in Attachment 3 and during other grievance processes established by Board policy and procedures and/or the Student Code of Conduct. A violation of this prohibition by district students may lead to discipline up to and including referral for expulsion.

The Board directs that the foregoing statement of Board policy be included in each student and staff handbook, and that this policy and related attachments be posted to the district's website.

The Board requires a notice stating that the district does not discriminate in any manner, including Title IX sexual harassment, in any district education program or activity, to be issued to all students, parents/guardians, employment applicants, employees and all unions or professional organizations holding collective bargaining or professional agreements with the district. All discrimination notices

and information shall include the title, office address, telephone number and email address of the individual(s) designated as the Compliance Officer and Title IX Coordinator.

This Policy 103 references two documents, entitled "103 Attachment 2, Discrimination Complaint Procedures," and "Attachment 3, Title IX Sexual Harassment Procedures and Grievance Process for Formal Complaints." The Board intends these two (2) attachments to be substantive components of this policy and incorporates them by reference into this policy as if fully set forth herein.

Reports of Title IX Sexual Harassment and Other Discrimination and Retaliation

The Board encourages students and third parties who believe they or others have been subject to Title IX sexual harassment, other discrimination or retaliation to promptly report such incidents to the building principal or the Title IX Coordinator, even if some elements of the related incident took place or originated away from school grounds, school activities or school conveyances. A person who is not an intended victim or target of discrimination but is adversely affected by the offensive conduct may file a report of discrimination.

The student's parents/guardian or any other person with knowledge of conduct that may violate this policy is encouraged to immediately report the matter to the building principal or the Title IX Coordinator.

A school employee who suspects or is notified that a student has been subject to conduct that constitutes a violation of this policy shall immediately report the incident to the building principal or the Title IX Coordinator, as well as properly making any mandatory police or child protective services reports required by law.[22]

If the building principal is the subject of a complaint, the student, third party or a reporting employee shall report the incident directly to the Title IX Coordinator.

The complainant or the individual making the report may use the Discrimination/Sexual Harassment/Bullying/Hazing/Dating Violence/Retaliation Report Form attached to this policy for purposes of reporting an incident or incidents in writing; however, verbal reports of an incident or incidents shall be accepted, documented and the procedures of this policy and the relevant attachments followed.

The building principal (or any other employee of the district who received the report) shall promptly notify the Title IX Coordinator of all reports of discrimination, Title IX sexual harassment or retaliation. The Title IX Coordinator shall promptly contact the complainant and, if deemed to be necessary, the reporter if not the complainant, regarding the report to gather additional information as necessary, and to discuss the availability of supportive measures for the complainant. The Title IX Coordinator shall consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures.

The Title IX Coordinator shall conduct an assessment of the information supplied by the reporter and/or complainant to determine whether the reported circumstances, if presumed to be true, could constitute Title IX sexual harassment or retaliation. If they do not, they may be addressed through the Discrimination Complaint Procedures prescribed in Attachment 2 to this policy. If the reported circumstances, if presumed to be true at this point in the process, meet the definition of Title IX sexual harassment, they shall be addressed through the Title IX Sexual Harassment Procedures and Grievance Process for Formal Complaints in Attachment 3. If the reported circumstances, presumed to be true, do not constitute either Title IX sexual harassment or retaliation nor conduct otherwise prohibited in this Policy 103 and Attachment 2, the Title IX Coordinator shall refer the report for follow-up under any other applicable Board policies and/or the Student Code of Conduct.

Disciplinary Procedures When Reports Allege Title IX Sexual Harassment

When a report alleges Title IX sexual harassment, disciplinary sanctions may not be imposed until the completion of the grievance process for formal complaints outlined in Attachment 3. The district

shall presume that the respondent is not responsible for the alleged conduct until a determination has been made at the completion of the grievance process for formal complaints.[18][20][23][24]

If possible, the district will refrain from pursuing disciplinary action pursuant to the Student Code of Conduct until such time the Title IX grievance process has concluded. This means suspensions and expulsion referrals may be temporarily postponed until the conclusion of the Title IX grievance process when/if the district, in consultation with the Title IX Coordinator, determines that supportive measures and other nonpunitive actions agreed to by the parties (ex: complainant and respondent voluntarily agree to stay away from each other; respondent voluntarily participates in the school district's online/virtual education program or other alternative setting during the grievance process, etc.) result in there being no immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations during the grievance process period.

The respondent shall be provided with notice and provided an opportunity for due process, in accordance with law, regulations and Board policy. When expulsion is necessary because continuation of educational services is not feasible, If, however, the district, in consultation with the Title IX Coordinator, after having taken an initial individualized safety and risk analysis, believes the respondent must be removed from the district's education program or activity on an emergency basis during the Title IX grievance process in order to address an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of an individual, the process outlined in detail in Attachment 3 shall be followed.

When an emergency removal is not required, disciplinary sanctions shall be considered in the course of the Title IX grievance process for formal complaints. Following the issuance of the written determination and any applicable appeal, any disciplinary action specified in the written determination or appeal decision shall be implemented in accordance with the normal procedures for suspensions, expulsions or other disciplinary actions, including specific provisions to address a student with a disability where applicable.[18][19][20][23]

Confidentiality

Confidentiality of all parties, witnesses, the allegations, the filing of a report and the investigation related to any form of discrimination or retaliation, including Title IX sexual harassment, shall be handled in accordance with applicable law, regulations, this policy, the attachments and the district's legal and investigative obligations.[25][26][27][28][29]

Retaliation

The Board prohibits retaliation by the district or any other person against any person for:[28]

1. Reporting or making a formal complaint of any form of discrimination or retaliation, including Title IX sexual harassment.
2. Testifying, assisting, participating or refusing to participate in a related investigation, process or other proceeding or hearing.
3. Acting in opposition to practices the person reasonably believes to be discriminatory.

The district, its employees and others are prohibited from intimidating, threatening, coercing, or discriminating against anyone for actions described above. Individuals are encouraged to contact the Title IX Coordinator immediately if retaliation is believed to have occurred.

Definitions

Complainant shall mean an individual who is alleged to be the victim.

Respondent shall mean an individual alleged to be the perpetrator of the discriminatory conduct.

Discrimination

Discrimination shall mean to treat individuals differently, or to harass or victimize based on a protected classification including but not necessarily limited to race, color, age, creed, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, ancestry, national origin, marital status, pregnancy, or handicap/disability.

Harassment is a form of discrimination based on the protected classifications listed in this policy consisting of unwelcome conduct such as graphic, written, electronic, verbal or nonverbal acts including offensive jokes, slurs, epithets and name-calling, ridicule or mockery, insults or put-downs, offensive objects or pictures, physical assaults or threats, intimidation, or other conduct that may be harmful or humiliating or interfere with a person's school or school-related performance when such conduct is:

1. Sufficiently severe, persistent or pervasive; and
2. A reasonable person in the complainant's position would find that it creates an intimidating, threatening or abusive educational environment such that it deprives or adversely interferes with or limits an individual or group of the ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities or opportunities offered by a school.

Definitions Related to Title IX Sexual Harassment

Formal complaint shall mean a document filed by a complainant or signed by the Title IX Coordinator alleging Title IX sexual harassment and requesting that the district investigate the allegation under the grievance process for formal complaints. The authority for the Title IX Coordinator to sign a formal complaint does not make the Title IX Coordinator a party in the grievance process for formal complaints. The phrase "document filed by a complainant" refers to a document or electronic submission that contains the complainant's physical or digital signature, or otherwise indicates that the complainant is the person filing the formal complaint. [27][30]

Supportive measures shall mean nondisciplinary, nonpunitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint or where no formal complaint has been filed. [30]

Supportive measures shall be designed to restore or preserve equal access to the educational program or activity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or the educational environment, or to deter sexual harassment. Supportive measures may include, but are not limited to: [30]

1. Counseling.
2. Extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments.
3. Modifications of work or class schedules.
4. Campus escort services.
5. Mutual restrictions on contact between the parties.
6. Changes in work or housing locations.
7. Leaves of absence.
8. Increased security.
9. Monitoring of certain areas of the campus.
10. Assistance from domestic violence or rape crisis programs.
11. Assistance from community health resources including counseling resources.

Supportive measures may also include assessments or evaluations to determine eligibility for special education or related services, or the need to review an Individualized Education Program (IEP) or Section 504 Service Agreement based on a student's behavior. This could include, but is not limited to, a manifestation determination or functional behavioral assessment (FBA), in accordance with applicable law, regulations or Board policy.[17][18][23][24][31]

Title IX sexual harassment means conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:[30]

1. A district employee conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or district service on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct, commonly referred to as quid pro quo sexual harassment.
2. Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to a district education program or activity.
3. Sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence or stalking.
 - a. **Dating violence** means violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim and where the existence of such a relationship is determined by the following factors:[32]
 - i. Length of relationship.
 - ii. Type of relationship.
 - iii. Frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.
 - b. **Domestic violence** includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving federal funding, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.[32]
 - c. **Sexual assault** means a sexual offense under state or federal law that is classified as a forcible or nonforcible sex offense under the uniform crime reporting system of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.[33]
 - d. **Stalking**, under Title IX means stalking on the basis of sex, for example when the stalker desires to date a victim. Stalking means to engage in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to either:[32]
 - i. Fear for their safety or the safety of others.
 - ii. Suffer substantial emotional distress.

Such conduct must have taken place during a district education program or activity and against a person in the United States to qualify as sexual harassment under Title IX. An education program or activity includes the locations, events or circumstances over which the district exercises substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the harassment occurs. Title IX applies to all of a district's education programs or activities, whether such programs or activities occur on-campus or off-campus.[26][27][30]

Delegation of Responsibility

In order to maintain a program of nondiscrimination practices that is in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, the Board shall appoint a Title IX Coordinator and a Title IX Compliance Officer. The Title IX Coordinator and Title IX Compliance Officer may be the same person.[34]

The District's Compliance Officer and Title IX Coordinator shall be appointed by separate resolution of the Board of Directors. The contact information for the Compliance Officer and Title IX Coordinator shall be published on the District's publicly accessible website with other notices required to be published.

The Compliance Officer and Title IX Coordinator shall fulfill designated responsibilities to ensure adequate nondiscrimination procedures are in place, to recommend new procedures or modifications to procedures and to monitor the implementation of the district's nondiscrimination procedures in the following areas, as appropriate:

1. Curriculum and Materials - Review of curriculum guides, textbooks and supplemental materials for discriminatory bias.
2. Training - Provide training for students and staff to prevent, identify and alleviate problems of discrimination.
3. Resources - Maintain and provide information to staff on resources available to complainants in addition to the school complaint procedure or Title IX procedures, such as making reports to the police, available supportive measures such as assistance from domestic violence or rape crisis programs and community health resources including counseling resources.
4. Student Access - Review of programs, activities and practices to ensure that all students have equal access and are not segregated except when permissible by law or regulation.
5. District Support - Assure that like aspects of the school programs and activities receive like support as to staffing and compensation, facilities, equipment, and related areas.[35]
6. Student Evaluation - Review of assessments, procedures, and guidance and counseling materials for stereotyping and discrimination.
7. Reports/Formal Complaints - Monitor and provide technical assistance to individuals involved in managing informal reports and formal complaints.

Title IX Sexual Harassment Training Requirements

The Compliance Officer and Title IX Coordinator, investigator(s), decision-maker(s), or any individual designated to facilitate an informal resolution process related to Title IX sexual harassment shall receive the following training, as required or appropriate to their specific role:

1. Definition of sexual harassment.
2. Scope of the district's education program or activity, as it pertains to what is subject to Title IX regulations.
3. How to conduct an investigation and grievance process for formal complaints, including examination of evidence, drafting written determinations, handling appeals and informal resolution processes, as applicable.
4. How to serve impartially, including by avoiding prejudgment of the facts at issue, conflicts of interest and bias.
5. Use of relevant technology.
6. Issues of relevance including when questions and evidence about the complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant.

7. Issues of relevance, weight of evidence and application of standard of proof and drafting investigative reports that fairly summarize relevant evidence.
8. How to address complaints when the alleged conduct does not qualify as Title IX sexual harassment but could be addressed under another complaint process or Board policy.

All training materials shall promote impartial investigations and adjudications of formal complaints of Title IX sexual harassment without relying on sex stereotypes.

All training materials shall be posted on the district's website.

Disciplinary Consequences

A student who is determined to be responsible for violation of this policy shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action consistent with the Code of Student Conduct, which may include but is not limited to:[18][19][20]

1. Loss of school privileges.
2. Temporary or permanent transfer to another school building, classroom or school bus.
3. Exclusion from school-sponsored activities.
4. Detention.
5. Suspension.
6. Expulsion.
7. Referral to law enforcement officials.

An employee who violates this policy shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action consistent with the applicable Board policy, collective bargaining agreement and individual contract, up to and including dismissal and/or referral to law enforcement officials.[21][36]

Reports of Discrimination

Any reports of discrimination that are reviewed by the Title IX Coordinator and do not meet the definition of Title IX sexual harassment but are based on race, color, age, creed, religion, sex, sexual orientation, ancestry, national origin, marital status, pregnancy or handicap/disability shall follow the Discrimination Complaint Procedures in Attachment 2 to this policy.

Reports of Title IX Sexual Harassment

Any reports deemed by the Title IX Coordinator to meet the definition of sexual harassment under Title IX shall follow the Title IX Sexual Harassment Procedures and Grievance Process for Formal Complaints in Attachment 3 to this policy.

References:

School Code - 24 P.S. Sec. 1301, 1310, 1601-C et seq.

State Board of Education Regulations - 22 PA Code Sec. 4.4, 12.1, 12.4, 15.1 et seq.

PA Crimes Code - 18 Pa. C.S.A. Sec. 2709

Unfair Educational Practices - 24 P.S. Sec. 5004

Pennsylvania Human Relations Act - 43 P.S. Sec. 951 et seq.

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act – 29 U.S.C. Sec. 794

Education of Individuals with Disabilities Act – 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.

Americans With Disabilities Act – 42 U.S.C. Sec. 12101 et seq.

U.S. Constitution, Amendment XIV, Equal Protection Clause

U.S. Constitution, Amendment I

Institutional and Financial Assistance Information for Students – 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1092

Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) – 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g

Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), Title 34, Code of Federal Regulations – 34 CFR Part 99

Violence Against Women Act - 34 USC 12291(a)(8)(10)(30)

Federal Anti-Discrimination and Civil Rights Laws –

20 U.S.C. Sec. 1681 et seq. (Title IX)

42 U.S.C. Sec. 1981 et seq.

42 U.S.C. Sec. 2000d et seq. (Title VI)

Federal Anti-Discrimination and Civil Rights Regulations –

28 CFR Part 35, Part 41

34 CFR Part 100, Part 104, Part 106, Part 110

Franklin v. Gwinnett County Public Schools, 503 U.S. 60 (1992)

Davis v. Monroe County Board of Education, 526 U.S. 629 (1999)

Bostock v. Clayton County, 590 U.S., 140 S. Ct. 1731 (2020)

Gebser v. Lago Vista Independent School District, 524 U.S. 274 (1998)

Office for Civil Rights (OCR) - Resources for Addressing Racial Harassment

Board Policy – 103.1, 113, 113.1, 113.2, 113.3, 122, 123, 138, 150, 216, 218, 220, 233, 247, 249, 251, 252, 317, 317.1, 320, 701, 806, 815, 832

General District Notices: <https://www.eriesd.org/domain/576>

Legal

1. 22 PA Code 12.1
2. 22 PA Code 12.4
3. 22 PA Code 15.1 et seq
4. 22 PA Code 4.4
5. 24 P.S. 1301
6. 24 P.S. 1310
7. 24 P.S. 1601-C et seq

8. 24 P.S. 5004
9. 43 P.S. 951 et seq
10. 20 U.S.C. 1681-1688
11. 34 CFR Part 106
12. 29 U.S.C. 794
13. 42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq
14. 42 U.S.C. 1981 et seq
15. 42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq
16. U.S. Const. Amend. XIV, Equal Protection Clause
17. Pol. 103.1
18. Pol. 113.1
19. Pol. 218
20. Pol. 233
21. Pol. 317
22. Pol. 806
23. Pol. 113.2
24. Pol. 113.3
25. 20 U.S.C. 1232g
26. 34 CFR 106.44
27. 34 CFR 106.45
28. 34 CFR 106.71
29. 34 CFR Part 99
30. 34 CFR 106.30
31. Pol. 113
32. 34 U.S.C. 12291
33. 20 U.S.C. 1092
34. 34 CFR 106.8
35. Pol. 150
36. Pol. 317.1
- 18 Pa. C.S.A. 2709
- 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq
- 28 CFR Part 41
- 28 CFR Part 35
- 34 CFR Part 100
- 34 CFR Part 104
- 34 CFR Part 110
- U.S. Const. Amend. I
- Bostock v. Clayton County, 590 U.S., 140 S. Ct. 1731 (2020)
- Davis v. Monroe County Board of Education, 526 U.S. 629 (1999)
- Franklin v. Gwinnett County Public Schools, 503 U.S. 60 (1992)
- Gebser v. Lago Vista Independent School District, 524 U.S. 274 (1998)

Office for Civil Rights - Resources for Addressing Racial Harassment

Pol. 122

Pol. 123

Pol. 138

Pol. 216

Pol. 220

Pol. 247

Pol. 249

Pol. 251

Pol. 252

Pol. 320

Pol. 701

Pol. 815

Pol. 832

103 Attach-1 Report Form.DOCX (33 KB)

103 Attach-2 Discrimination Complaint Process.DOCX (39 KB)

103 Attach-3 Title IX Process.DOCX (79 KB)